

# CANADIAN PONY CLUB



## C1 LEVEL WRITTEN/ORAL

SPRING 2014

### REFERENCES:

MH	Manual of Horsemanship – 12th Edition
US C	USPC “C” Manual
US D	USPC “D” Manual
US B	USPC Bandaging Your Horse
US CMS	USPC Conformation Movement and Soundness
HCH	Horse Conformation Handbook
GTW	Grooming To Win
AHSG	All Horse Systems Go

Total marks: 95      Pass: 62 (65%)

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ /100

### Stable & Pasture-      /10

1. If a pony spends part of the time stabled and part at grass, when should he be turned out?  
Consider the seasons. (2 answers, ½ pt each)      MH 141-142      /1
  
2. If there is a number of horses kept at pasture what is the bare minimum acreage per horse?  
a) 2 acres  
b) 1 acre  
c) 3 acres  
d) ½ acre      MH 144      /1
  
3. How many latches are needed for the bottom half of a 2-part, swinging stall door? MH 129 /1

4. Give 3 reasons why a grill may be placed over the top half of a stable door? MH 128 /3  
a)  
b)  
c)
5. What events and problems can damage the quality of your pasture? List 4. (1/2 pt. ea)  
a) USC 170 /2  
b)  
c)  
d)
6. List 4 things to check for in your pasture before turning out your horse. (1/2 pt. ea)  
a) USC 164-168 /2  
b)  
c)  
d)

**Feeding & Nutrition - /10**

- 1) List 4 factors which will determine the amount to feed your horse.  
a) MH 159-160 (1/2 pt. ea) /2  
b)  
c)  
d)
- 2) a) Explain why you should make changes in feed gradually.  
b) Explain why you should not work your horse hard immediately after feeding him. MH 161 /2
- 3) If your horse is working harder than before, what adjustments might need to made to his diet?  
MH 172 /1

- 4) What are the 2 groups of vitamins? MH 182 (1/2 pt. ea) /1  
 a) b)
- 5) List 4 essential nutrients besides vitamins MH 179-183 /4  
 a) b)  
 c) d)

**Foot & Shoeing- /10**

1. From where does the wall of the hoof grow? MH 221-222 /1  
 a) Periople  
 b) Coronet  
 c) Coronary band  
 d) White line
2. When a nail penetrates the sensitive part of the foot it's called: USC 257 /1  
 a) Nail binding  
 b) Fullering  
 c) Pricking  
 d) Fine nailing
3. List 6 good things to look for in a newly shod foot. (1/2 pt. ea) MH226-227 /3  
 a)  
 b)  
 c)  
 d)  
 e)  
 f)
4. What can be used on a shoe to improve the grip? MH 230 /1
5. What are the 2 types of shoeing systems? Give 1 advantage of each. MH 224 /4  
 a)  
 b)

**Grooming - /10**

- 1) What is the main objective to quartering?  
 a) Remove stable stains and make horse look tidy before riding  
 b) Massage to develop muscles  
 c) Light brush in evening, straighten or change blanket or rug  
 d) Droppings removed and bedding tidied up MH 199-200 /1
- 2) What item in the grooming kit can be used as an alternative to the dandy brush?  
 a) Stable rubber  
 b) Body brush  
 c) Rubber curry comb  
 d) Cactus cloth MH 203 /1
- 3) Choose the order in which you use the grooming tools. MH 202 /1  
 a) Hoof pick, Body brush, Dandy brush & Curry comb, Sponges, Waterbrush, Stable rubber, Hoof oil  
 b) Dandy brush, Body brush & Curry comb, Hoofpick, Waterbrush, Sponges, Hoof oil, Stable rubber  
 c) Hoofpick, Hoof oil, Dandy brush, Body brush & Curry comb, Waterbrush, Sponges, Stable rubber  
 d) Hoofpick, Dandy brush, Body brush & Curry comb, Sponges, Waterbrush, Hoof oil, Stable rubber
- 4) Give 3 reasons to clip a pony. MH 210 /3  
 a)  
 b)  
 c)
- 5) Explain how to trim the back of the legs without clippers. MH 215 /3
- 6) Why should the hairs around the eyes and muzzle not be clipped? MH 215 /1

**Vet & First Aid - /15**

- 1) List 6 items that should be included in your horse first aid kit. (1/2 pt. ea) MH 343-344 /3  
 a) b)  
 c) d)  
 e) f)

- 2) Give 3 reasons to apply a bandage to a leg. MH 349-350 /3  
 a)  
 b)  
 c)
- 3) What are 2 reasons to cold hose your horse's legs? MH 351-352 /2  
 a)  
 b)
- 4) Give 2 causes of colic. MH 365-366 /2  
 a)  
 b)
- 5) What does TPR stand for? MH 340-341 /3
- 6) How do you identify ringworm? What does ringworm look like? MH 386 /2

**Unsoundness/Conformation- /10**

- 1) What is the unsoundness where the sensitive laminae become inflamed?  
 a) Thrush  
 b) Laminitis  
 c) Seedy toe  
 d) Corn MH 179-185 /1
- 2) What is the condition where there is a bony enlargement of the upper or lower pastern bone? MH 200 /1
- 3) Give 2 examples of a synovial or bursal enlargement. MH 207 /2  
 a) b)
- 4) List 2 conformational faults in the hocks. MH 214 /2  
 a) b)
- 5) Explain fully the terms "blemish" and "unsoundness", and give one example of each not already used as an answer in questions 1-4. USC 324-332 HCH 3 /4

**Saddlery - /10**

- 1) Describe two differences in design between a dressage saddle and a show jumping saddle. MH 278 /2
- 2) Describe 3 problems that may happen if the saddle does not fit properly. MH 280-283 /3  
 a)  
 b)  
 c)
- 3) How do you check for a broken tree? MH 284-285 /2
- 4) What is the purpose of a standing martingale? How should the martingale and the neck strap be fitted? MH 312/3 /3

**Riding & Safety- /7**

- 1) When you are working with other horses in a riding arena, on which side should you pass? /1
- 2) Over-faced means: USC 151 /1  
 a) A pony with a large face  
 b) A pony discouraged by a big jump  
 c) A pony with a lot of white on its face  
 d) A pony which has been over-tired
- 3) Riding without stirrups helps to develop what? Give 2. USC 49 /2  
 a)  
 b)

- 4) Match the following: USC 19-20, 61, MH 37 /3
- I. Rhythm \_\_\_\_ a) Order of foot falls
- II. Impulsion \_\_\_\_ b) Regularity and evenness of hoof beats
- III. Transition \_\_\_\_ c) Miles per hour
- d) Speed of rhythm
- e) Change from one gait to another
- f) Balanced energy

**Conditioning - /10**

- 1) What should you check prior to beginning a conditioning program? List 4. USC 233, MH 240 /4
- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)
- 2) What is roughing-off? What changes will you make (list 4)? MH 242 /5
- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)
- 3) At what gait should fitness work be mostly done at? USC 242 /1

**General- /3**

- 1) What is the size of a small dressage arena? USC 23 /1
- 2) What is lateral work:
- a) Movement along the short side of the arena
- b) Movement in a straight line with the foreleg and hindleg moving on different tracks
- c) Use of long reins to make the young horse flexible
- d) Moving from one side of arena to another USC 112 /1
- 3) Odd one out: Pick the one that doesn't belong.
- a) Dartmoor b) New Forest c) Appaloosa d) Fell /1